

Χερουβικόν σύντομον Δημ. Σουρλαντζή

Ἰηχος ἀ Πα




 π_q





$$\frac{\Gamma}{\epsilon} \chi^{\epsilon} \frac{1}{\epsilon} \pi_q - \frac{\Gamma}{\epsilon} \frac{\Gamma}{\epsilon} + \frac{\Gamma}{\omega \epsilon}$$

Figure 1 displays examples of handwritten symbols. The symbols are organized into two groups, (M) and (N), each showing a symbol and its corresponding handwritten form.

Group (M) includes symbols such as π , q , and δ .

Group (N) includes symbols such as ϵ , δ , and i .















$$\frac{\pi}{q}$$